

#### Kumari Bank Limited Disclosure Under Basel III as at 16 July 2022 (Fourth Quarter for F/Y 2021/22)

## Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy

#### Tier I Capital and breakdown of its components

	Particular	Amount
(A) Ti	er 1 Capital [Core Capital (CET 1 + AT 1)]	19,297,025,037
Comm	on Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)	19,297,025,037
a	Paid up Equity Share Capital	14,711,183,326
b	Equity Share Premium	88,804,041
с	Proposed Bonus Equity Shares	-
d	Statutory General Reserves	2,111,181,648
e	Retained Earnings	-
f	Unaudited current year cumulative profit/(loss)	2,835,234,056
gg	Capital Redemption Reserve	666,666,667
h	Capital Adjustment Reserve	30,494,232
i	Debenture Redemption Reserve	-
j	Dividend Equalization Reserves	-
k	Other Free Reserve	-
	Less: Goodwill	88,804,041
	Less: Intangible Assets	161,441,291
	Less: Deferred Tax Assets	-
	Less: Fictitious Assets	-
	Less: Investment in equity of institutions with financial interests	420,000,000
	Less: Purchase of land & building in excess of limit and unutilized	357,151,208
	Less: Negative Balances of reserve accounts	119,142,393
Additi	onal Tier 1 (AT1)	-

### Tier II Capital and breakdown of its components

	Particular	Amount
a	Cumulative and/or Redeemable Preference Share	-
b	Subordinated Term Debt	3,000,000,000
c	Hybrid Capital Instruments	-
d	Stock Premium	-
e	General Loan Loss Provision	2,593,252,279
f	Exchange Equalization Reserve	52,890,307
g	Investment Adjustment Reserve	-
h	Assets Revaluation Reserve	69,419,000
i	Other Reserves	-
	Total Tier II Capital	5,715,561,586
Total	Capital Fund (Tier I and Tier II)	25,012,586,623

#### **Details of Subordinated Term Debt**

The bank has issued RS 3,000.00 million 10.25% Kumari Bank Debenture 2086 in fiscal year 2076-77

The main features of the debenture are as follows

Issue Year : FY 2076-77 Maturity Year : FY 2086-77

Issue Amount: NPR 3,000,000,000.00 Interest Rate: 10.25% per annum Interest Payment: half yearly

### **Deductions from Capital:**

The bank does not hold any amount as stipulated in the Capital Adequacy Framework that qualifies for deduction from Capital.

# **Total Qualifying Capital**

Particular	Amount
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1)	19,297,025,037
Additional Tier 1 (AT1)	-
Supplementary Capital (Tier 2)	5,715,561,586
Total Capital Fund	25,012,586,623

# **Capital Adequacy Ratios**

S.N.	Particular	Current Year (%)
a	Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio	10.01
b	Core Capital Ratio - Tier 1	10.01
С	Total Capital Adequacy Ratio (Tier 1 and Tier 2)	12.98

### Risk Exposures

# Risk weighted exposures under each 11 categories of Credit Risk:

S. No.	Particular	Amount
a	Claims on government and central bank	-
b	Claims on other official entities	1
С	Claims on banks	2,919,387,226
d	Claims on Corporate and securities firms	102,253,061,698
e	Regulatory Retail Portfolio	21,255,807,615
f	Claims secured by residential properties	2,690,549,964
g	Claims secured by Commercial real estate	3,662,035,966
h	Past due claims	2,525,865,071
i	High Risk claims	11,996,379,803
j	Lending against securities (bonds & shares)	2,600,737,363
k	Trust Receipt Loans for Trading Firms	1,975,211,192
1	Other Assets	11,486,001,474
m	Off Balance Sheet Exposures	12,626,373,711
	Total	175,991,411,083

# Risk Weighted Exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

S. No.	Particular	Amount
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	176,000,211,083
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	6,797,669,596
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	137,939,746
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	182,935,820,425
	% of Total Deposit due to Insufficient Liquid Assets	-
	Addition to RWE as per supervisiory review (3%)	2,474,570,700
	Add: 3% Capital Charge according to New Capital Adequacy Framework a	7,317,432,817
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	192,727,823,942

# **Total Risk Weighted Exposure Calculation Table**

S. No.	Particular	Amount
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	176,000,211,083
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	6,797,669,596
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	137,939,746
4	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	182,935,820,425
	% of Total Deposit due to Insufficient Liquid Assets	-
	Addition to RWE as per supervisiory review (3%)	2,474,570,700
	Add: 4% Capital Charge according to New Capital Adequacy Framework	
	as per 6.4a7	7,317,432,817
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	192,727,823,942
5	Total Capital Fund	25,012,586,623
6	Capital Fund to Risk Weighted Exposure	12.98

### Amount of Non Performing Loan (Gross and Net)

S. NO.	Loan Type	Gross Amount	Provision	Net Amount
1	Restructure/Reschedule Loan			-
2	Substandard Loan	468,588,224	113,671,392	354,916,831
3	Doubtful Loan	173,061,637	85,692,144	87,369,493
4	Loss Loan	882,867,936	882,867,936	-

S. NO.	Particulars	(%)	
1	Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	0.96	
2	Net NPAs to Net Advances	0.28	

## **Movement of Non Performing Assets**

				Additional / (Write
S. NO.	Particular	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	back)
	1 Non Performing Loans	1,546,665,704	1,524,517,797	(22,147,908)

#### Write Off of Loan and Interest Suspense

S. NO.	Particular	Amount
1	Loan Write Off	1
2	Interest Suspense Write Off	=

### Movement of Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense

S. NO.	Particular Particular	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Additional
1	Loan Loss Provision	3,372,847,707	3,675,483,751	302,636,044
2	Interest Suspense	1,322,541,281	1,211,806,421	(110,734,860)

### i. Details of additional loan loss provision

Current year's amount in Rs.

S.N.	Loan Classification	Additional Provision
1	Pass	113,914,913
2	Watch list	363,147,852
2	Restructured / Reschedule	
3	Sub - Standard	10,137,946
4	Doubtful	44,029,500
5	Loss	30,994,850
	Total	562,225,062

# j. Segregation of investment portfolio

Amount in Rs.

Amount in Rs.		
S.N.	Investment category	Current Year
	1 Held for trading	28,540,160
	2 Held to maturity	26,019,456,953
	3 Available for sale	700,627,270
	Total	26,748,624,383

### Bank's internal approach to assess capital adequacy

Bank's management regularly reviews Bank's capital adequacy. Plans and budgets are prepared on the basis of current and projected capital adequacy. Bank's plan and investment decision is based on at what level of capital adequacy it wants to remain at.

#### **Risk Management Function**

#### Risk Assessment/Mitigation Practices at Kumari Bank Limited

Considering the need to establish effective Risk Management and Risk Mitigation practices at Kumari Bank Ltd, we have developed a system of continuous improvement of processes wherein each member of the Bank works towards balancing profitability with prudence. The system encompasses all banking functions from client interface, to back office operation, to the strategic decision formulated by the management committees and the Board of Directors. Each area has its own check and balance procedure to assess and mitigate risks involved. The practices thus observed are as follows:

#### **KBL Organization Structure**

The bank's lending approval authority is divided into two distinct units, namely Business and Risk Management. While the Business Unit concentrates more on optimum utility of assets, every lending decision of this Unit is re-assessed and revaluated by the Risk Management Unit for final approval. The Risk Management Unit applies its objective judgment on risk variables deemed appropriate in each instance of lending decision. For this purpose, the Risk Management Unit has two distinct subunits, the Risk Approval Department, which facilities final lending decision after duly adjusting risks as mitigated to an acceptable level, and the Credit Administration and Control Department, which evaluates the endorsed paperwork prior to actual sanction, and also after it.

Depending upon the volume of loans and the nature of risk associated, lending decision are subject to validation and approval by various levels of the hierarchy, in which some lending decision are to be approved by the General Manager, and other by even the Board of Directors as each case may require.

#### **Risk Measurement Criteria and Mitigation Process**

Credit risks are evaluated from the initial customer interface on an array of risk variables by the Credit Policy Guidelines of the Bank, as well as on the individual intuition of experienced officers. As proposals are escalated for approval, judgmental and analytical criteria become broader and more conceptual.

Kumari Bank Ltd. uses the best practices in banking, to make its operation secure through a system of procedural crosschecking mechanism in each operational transaction. An Internal Audit Department, which also doubles as the Concurrent Audit Department system, continuously functions to alert bank personnel to the meticulousness required in handling operations in every functional department. A credit monitoring system is well established in the Bank, which periodically checks on credit quality, compliance, and level of risk exposure. This practice has created a continuous learning and improvement environment, and the Bank's efficiency goal has been to move towards the most prudent practices in the industry.

Types of eligible credit risk mitigants used and the benefits availed under CRM -

 Particular
 Eligible CRM

 Deposit with Bank & Cash Margin
 961,594,073

 Total
 961,594,073