



Kumari Bank Limited

Disclosure Under Basel II as at 15 Jul 2013

Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy

Tier I Capital and breakdown of its components

	Particular	Amount
a	Paid Up Equity Share Capital	1,603,800,000
b	Irredeemable Non- cumulative preferenece share	-
c	Share premium	4,438,289
d	Proposed Bonus Equity Share	-
e	Statutory General Reserves	340,792,815
f	Retained Earnings	14,196,807
g	Un-audited current period profit (after all provision including tax)	291,548,147
h	Capital Redemption Reserve	400,000,000
i	Capital Adjustment Reserve	-
j	Dividend Equalization Reserves	-
k	Other free Reserve	-
l	Deferred Tax Fund	2,020,925
	Total Tier I Capital	2,656,796,984

Tier II Capital and breakdown of its components

	Particular	Amount
a	Cumulative and/or Reedemable Preference Share	-
b	Subordinated term debt	-
c	Hybrid Capital Instuments	-
d	General Loan Loss provision	193,387,330
e	Exchange Equalisation Reserve	11,796,503
f	Investment Adjustment Reserve	30,000
g	Assets Revaluation Reserve	-
h	Other Reserve	-
	Total Tier II Capital	205,213,832
	Total Capital Fund (Tier I and Tier II)	2,862,010,816

Deductions from Capital:

The bank does not hold any amount as stipulated in the Framework that qualifies for deduction from its Core Capital.

Total Qualifying Capital

	Particular	Amount
a	Tier I Capital	2,656,796,984
b	Tier II Capital	205,213,832
	Total Capital Fund	2,862,010,816

Risk Exposures

Risk weighted exposures under each 11 categories of Credit Risk:

S. No.	Particular	Amount
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a	Claims on government and central bank	-
b	Claims on other official entities	-
c	Claims on banks	383,540,593
d	Claims on Corporate and securities firms	12,004,022,414
e	Regulatory Retail Portfolio	2,016,323,476
f	Claims secured by residential properties	1,063,615,057
g	Claims secured by Commercial real estate	1,025,128,078
h	Past due claims	848,433,302
i	High Risk claims	1,595,363,083
j	Other Assets	561,684,396
k	Off Balance Sheet Exposures	1,422,139,160
	Total	20,920,249,560

Risk Weighted Exposures for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk

S. No.	Particular	Amount
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	20,920,249,560
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	1,412,217,679
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	177,556,925
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	22,510,024,164
	% of Total Deposit due to Insufficient Liquid Assets	-
	Addition to RWE as per supervisory review (3%)	675,300,725
	Add: 2% Capital Charge according to New Capital Ac	218,700,000
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	23,404,024,889

Total Risk Weighted Exposure Calculation Table

S. No.	Particular	Amount
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	20,920,249,560
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	1,412,217,679
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	177,556,925
4	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	22,510,024,164
	% of Total Deposit due to Insufficient Liquid Assets	-
	Addition to RWE as per supervisory review (3%)	675,300,725
	Add: 2% Capital Charge according to New Capital Adequacy Framework as per 6.4a7	218,700,000
	Total Risk Weighted Exposures	23,404,024,889
5	Total Capital Fund	2,862,010,816
6	Capital Fund to Risk Weighted Exposure	12.23

Amount of Non Performing Loan (Gross and Net)

S. NO.	Loan Type	Gross Amount	Provision	Net Amount
1	Restructure/Reschedule Loan		-	-
2	Substandard Loan	23,467,414	5,866,853	17,600,560
3	Doubtful Loan	408,422,285	204,211,142	204,211,142
4	Loss Loan	349,166,251	349,166,251	-

NPA Ratios

S. NO.	Particulars	(%)
1	Gross NPAs to Gross Advances	2.91
2	Net NPAs to Net Advances	1.15

Movement of Non Performing Assets

S. NO.	Particular	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Additional / (Write back)
1	Non Performing Loans	953,767,966	781,055,950	(172,712,016)

Write Off of Loan and Interest Suspense

S. NO.	Particular	Amount
1	Loan Write Off	-
2	Interest Suspense Write Off	

Movement of Loan Loss Provision and Interest Suspense

S. NO.	Particular	Previous Quarter	Current Quarter	Additional
1	Loan Loss Provision	764,346,780	752,631,577	(11,715,204)
2	Interest Suspense	282,980,607	249,449,730	(33,530,877)

i. Details of additional loan loss provision

Current year's amount in Rs.

S.N.	Loan Classification	Additional Provision
1	Good	16,373,564
2	Restructured / Rescheduled	(325,748)
3	Substandard	(4,932,854)
4	Doubtful	148,904,277
5	Loss	105,624,294
	Total	265,643,534

j. Segregation of investment portfolio

Amount in Rs.

S.N.	Investment category	Current Year
1	Held for trading	-
2	Held to maturity	4,121,206,587
3	Available for sale	13,935,500
	Total	4,135,142,087

Bank's internal approach to assess capital adequacy

Bank's management regularly reviews Bank's capital adequacy. Plans and budgets are prepared on the basis of current and projected capital adequacy. Bank's plan and investment decision is based on at what level of capital adequacy it wants to remain at.

Risk Management Function

Risk Assessment/Mitigation Practices at Kumari Bank Limited

Considering the need to establish effective Risk Management and Risk Mitigation practices at Kumari Bank Ltd, we have developed a system of continuous improvement of processes wherein each member of the Bank works towards balancing profitability with prudence. The system encompasses all banking functions from client interface, to back office operation, to the strategic decision formulated by the management committees and the Board of Directors. Each area has its own check and balance procedure to assess and mitigate risks involved. The practices thus observed are as follows:

KBL Organization Structure

The bank's lending approval authority is divided into two distinct units, namely Business and Risk Management. While the Business Unit concentrates more on optimum utility of assets, every lending decision of this Unit is re-assessed and reevaluated by the Risk Management Unit for final approval. The Risk Management Unit applies its objective judgment on risk variables deemed appropriate in each instance of lending decision. For this purpose, the Risk Management Unit has two distinct subunits, the Risk Approval Department, which facilitates final lending decision after duly adjusting risks as mitigated to an acceptable level, and the Credit Administration and Control Department, which evaluates the endorsed paperwork prior to actual sanction, and also after it.

Depending upon the volume of loans and the nature of risk associated, lending decision are subject to validation and approval by various levels of the hierarchy, in which some lending decision are to be approved by the General Manager, and other by even the Board of Directors as each case may require.

Risk Measurement Criteria and Mitigation Process

Credit risks are evaluated from the initial customer interface on an array of risk variables by the Credit Policy Guidelines of the Bank, as well as on the individual intuition of experienced officers. As proposals are escalated for approval, judgmental and analytical criteria become broader and more conceptual.

Kumari Bank Ltd. uses the best practices in banking, to make its operation secure through a system of procedural crosschecking mechanism in each operational transaction. An Internal Audit Department, which also doubles as the Concurrent Audit Department system, continuously functions to alert bank personnel to the meticulousness required in handling operations in every functional department. A credit monitoring system is well established in the Bank, which periodically checks on credit quality, compliance, and level of risk exposure. This practice has created a continuous learning and improvement environment, and the Bank's efficiency goal has been to move towards the most prudent practices in the industry.

Types of eligible credit risk mitigants used and the benefits availed under CRM -

<u>Particular</u>	<u>Eligible CRM</u>
Deposit with Bank & Cash Margin	469,915,900
<u>Total</u>	469,915,900